# Business Expectations Survey (BES) February\* 2025 SNAPSHOT for the MEDIUM TERM (next 12 months)

23.6

17.3 17.2

AUG 24

7.7

Feb.24

AU9:23

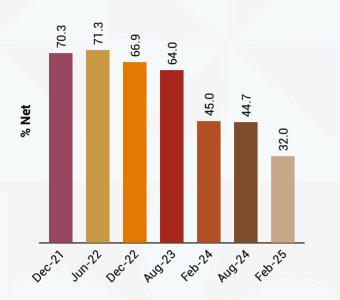
% Net

8.4

Feb-25



Most businesses anticipate an improvement in general business conditions, however, optimism levels are lower than the previous August 2024 survey.



2. Investment

Respondents' intentions to invest in plant &

machinery rose but dropped for buildings when

compared to the last survey.

Plant & machinery Buildings

34.3

23.6

33.3

20.7

Dec.22

32

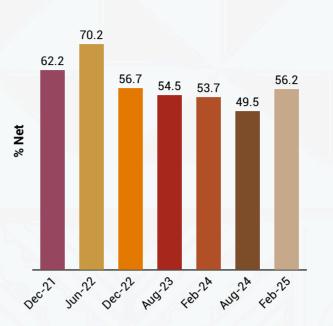
13.

Jun-22

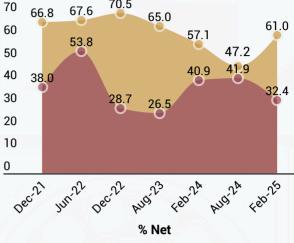


# (Next 12 months)

Net positive intentions to raise production, improved from the previous survey results.

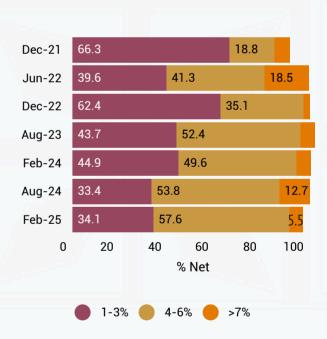


Domestic Exports 66.8 67.6 <sup>70.5</sup> 65.0 61.





Majority of businesses expect inflation to fall within 4% - 6% range.



5. Borrowing and Access to Credit (Next 12 months)

45

40

35

30

25

20

15

10

5

0 -5

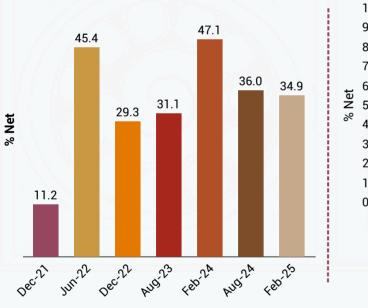
-10

41.1

2.0

Dec.21

Businesses expect the demand for credit to decelerate (34.9%) slightly, although more respondents (77.8%) view accessing credit as "acceptable" compared to Aug-24 survey

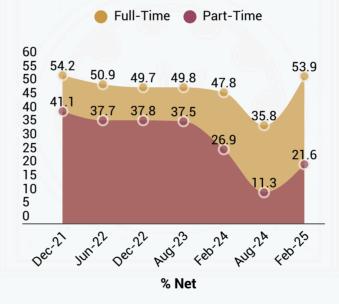






### 6. Employment Outlook

Hiring intentions remain on net positive higher than the previous survey.







#### Businesses affected by Migration

										migratio				
Aug-24	86.1								6.0	) 7.9	though compare survey.			
Feb-25	40.1				24.9		35.0				42.5% semi sl 43.1% workers			
0	10	20	30 Yes	40	50 % No		70 sponse	80	90	100	By years were wi			

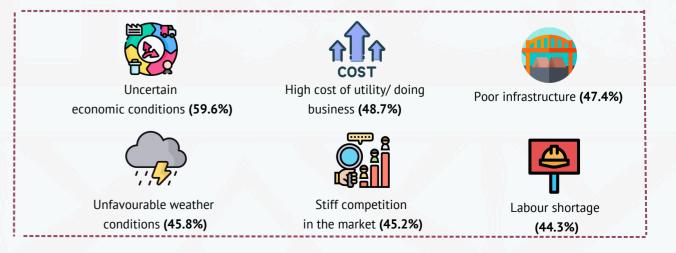
Respondents indicate that migration is still an issue, though a smaller percent compared to the Aug-24 survey.

42.5% of labour loss were semi skilled, and another 43.1% were highly skilled workers.

By years of experience, most were within the 5-10 years and 3-5 years range.

### Major Business Constraints

#### Businesses have highlighted the following top 6 impediments.



\* The survey is done bi-annually (Feb & Aug)

\*\* Net % reflects the general direction of change and is calculated by subtracting

the % of respondents expecting a decrease from the % expecting an increase.

Survey disclaimer: Survey results are based on the responses of the surveyed sample and do not represent the views of the RBF.